KEYSTAGE 3 CHEMISTRY	INTENT	IMPLEMENTATION	IMPACT
	The aim of the KS3 curriculum is for students to master the key skills and apply their knowledge to challenging and unfamiliar contexts.	Typical curriculum allocation: 3hrs per week. In KS3, the curriculum is broken down into topics from each of the three specialisms;	Prescriptive, week by week, schemes of learning, ensure for consistency for all students. Our shared lesson resources, which have been designed and produced by the
	We have planned and implemented a rigorous curriculum, which builds on the prior learning and skills acquired at KS2.	Biology, Chemistry and Physics. All three specialisms are taught across KS3, a topic at a time. Students focus on one specific	subject specialists in the department, link to the Biology, Chemistry and Physics GCSE specifications.
	The content studied and skills acquired during Year 7, are revisited and extended on in Year 8. We have the same high ambitions for all or our learners, including those with SEND or EAL. Students are taught predominantly in their tutor	topic from one of the specialisms before moving on to the next. This enables students to link the learning from one specialism to another and build up a solid understanding of how the three interweave.	Joint planning, marking and moderation supports the newer, less experienced members of the department, to ensure good quality teaching and learning for all classes, no matter the teacher's level of experience.
	groups (mixed ability) in Year 7, and are not ability set until Year 8. The KS3 Curriculum provides a solid foundation for the rigour of the content at GCSE. Due to all	We use the Activate schemes of learning and lesson plans in KS3, which have been designed to link to the AQA GCSE 1-9 specifications, and provides a solid	Practical activities help to instil in our students a passion for Science that is further enhanced in KS4.
	students studying the three separate Sciences at GCSE, the KS3 curriculum is delivered across two years and GCSE courses commence in Year 9. This maximises the opportunity to revisit the foundation topics of each specialism, and for students to make	foundation for the KS4 curriculum. The detailed lesson plans and supporting resources provide support for non-specialists, RQTs, NQTs and ITTs.	Students have a good understanding of the foundations of Biology, Chemistry and Physics, to be revisited, built and extended on at GCSE.
	greater connections between content across the topics. The OPA KS3 Science curriculum focuses around	Our sequence of topics and lessons is followed by all to ensure all students are delivered same coherent curriculum, with	Students cover the full content of the National Curriculum for Science at KS3. They also begin to develop their mathematical and working scientifically skills.
	practical learning opportunities. It is broad and provides our students access to the full National Curriculum for Science. We also incorporate many opportunities for cross-curricular learning, links to	content delivered in the same order, as selected and planned by the subject leads. After each topic, students complete an	Students have a good understanding of how Science applies to their everyday lives.
	CEIAG and supports the Core British Values.	assessment, which assesses the students' understanding of 50:50 of previous learning: current topic.	

KEYSTAGE	INTENT	IMPLEMENTATION	IMPACT
3 CHEMISTRY			
YEAR 7	The Year 7 Chemistry Curriculum is designed to review and extend the students' knowledge from primary school (KS2). In Year 7, students' understanding of Working Scientifically and lab safety, are likely to vary due to variation in Science provision between primary schools and therefore initial lessons are spent reinforcing expectations for safety in the laboratory and planning investigations. The curriculum has been designed to engage learners through practicals and demonstrations, and help them develop their skills for Working Scientifically, while acquiring new knowledge across four distinct topics. Lessons are designed to support all learners, providing support and challenge. The structure of the lessons provides opportunity to assess prior learning and current level of understanding (from KS2) and then build on this. The practical element of the topics, enables students to gain the skills for working scientifically, as well as question what they know or think they know about the world around them.	Physical Chemistry - The Particle Model - States of Matter - Diffusion Molecular Chemistry - Elements - Atoms - Molecules - Compounds - Chemical formula Chemical Reactions - Word Equations - Burning Fuels - Thermal Decomposition - Conservation of Mass - Exo & Endothermic Reactions Neutralisation Reactions - Acids & Alkalis - Indicators & pH - Making Salts	Students can know more, remember more and do more as a result of the science they have been taught. This is assessed at regular low stakes retrieval practice at the beginning of each lesson which allows pupils to review their own learning, while improving their recall of information that can be applied in context, as well as link across subjects. Throughout the year there are regular checkpoints from investigations or mathematical skills in science. Students will obtain targets from these tasks that are individualised to develop any areas of improvement. Students will have developed detailed scientific knowledge and skills to allow them to smoothly transition in to year 8 and future learning and employment.

The **Year 8** Curriculum builds on the knowledge and skills gained in Year 7. It covers the remainder of the KS3 Science National Curriculum.

Students continue to develop their skills and acquire new knowledge, in addition to revisiting and building on the content covered in Year 7.

Topics still focus around practical teaching and learning, with further emphasis on Working Scientifically.

Content taught in Year 7, is now pursued in a greater detail, introducing more scientific terminology.

Lessons are designed to support all learners, providing support and challenge.

The structure of the lessons provides opportunity to assess prior learning and current level of understanding (from KS2 and Year 7) and then build on this. The practical element of the topics, enables students to gain the skills for working scientifically, as well as question what they know or think they know about the world around them.

Molecular Chemistry

- Atoms, Elements & Compounds
- Chemical Formulae
- Polymers
- The Periodic Table
- Groups 1, 7 and 0.

Chemical Reactions

- Atoms in Chemical Reactions
- Combustion
- Thermal Decomposition
- Conservation of Mass
- Exothermic & Endothermic Reactions
- Energy Profile Diagrams
- The Carbon Cycle & Global Warming
- Extracting Metals & Recycling

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Students can know more, remember more and do more as a result of the science they have been taught.

This is assessed at regular low stakes retrieval practice at the beginning of each lesson which allows pupils to review their own learning, while improving their recall of information that can be applied in context, as well as link across subjects.

Throughout the year there are regular checkpoints from investigations or mathematical skills in science. Students will obtain targets from these tasks that are individualised to develop any areas of improvement.

Students will have developed detailed scientific knowledge and skills to allow them to smoothly transition in to year 9 and future learning and employment.

YEAR 8

KEYSTAGE 4	INTENT	IMPLEMENTATION	IMPACT
CHEMISTRY			
	The aim of the curriculum delivered during KS4	Throughout the GCSE course, schemes of	3 YEAR IMPACT:
	is to build up on the understanding, and refine	learning and full lesson plans are available to	Students are fully prepared for the formal GCSE
	the skills, that were developed in KS3.	provide support to all staff within the	assessments.
		department. They can be easily utilised for	
	All students follow the Separate Science	cover lessons when required.	Regular exam assessments are also completed to
	Pathway at GCSE. This exposes students to the		encourage students to frequently review the
	full breath of KS4 National Curriculum for	All schemes of learning and lesson plans are	content taught. At the end of each topic, an end of
	Chemistry.	planned, developed and reviewed by the	topic assessment takes place which comprises of
		subject leads to ensure all students are	50% prior learning: 50% most recent content
	Our curriculum interweaves the subject	delivered the content in the same coherent	taught. This allows teachers to assess students'
	specific content with the Working Scientifically	sequence across the three years of delivery.	understanding of key concepts in a range of
	aspects of the National Curriculum.	Character to the control of the cont	questions and applying to a variety of contexts. This
	Fach tania is to what as that the last skills are	Shared lesson resources, which have been	emphasises the need to continually revisit prior
	Each topic is taught so that the key skills are mastered. The Working Scientifically skills	designed and produced by the subject specialists in the department, link to the AQA	learning, enhancing long term memory stores.
	developed during KS3 are now utilised in	Biology, Chemistry and Physics GCSE	Students become familiar with the different types of
	planning, completing and evaluating the	specifications. This continues to provide	questions featuring in the GCSE exams for AQA.
	Required Practicals.	consistency, and ensure quality is delivered	They also gain an understanding of how exams are
	Required Fracticals.	across all classes and year groups.	marked and the emphasis to use scientific
	Lessons are designed so that they address the	deross an elasses and year groups.	terminology.
	objectives as outlined by the AQA specification.	We have a joint lesson planning, marking and	terminology.
		moderation system to support less experienced	LONG TERM IMPACT:
	The curriculum draws on real world contexts,	members of the department with	Students leave the academy equipped with the
	modelling and analogies where possible, so	differentiation and assessment, and tailoring	scientific knowledge base and skills to keep them
	that students find concepts more relevant and	the lesson plans to their individual classes.	well informed within an increasingly science-based
	interesting.	·	society. Students have acquired and developed the
		Pupils begin to read more widely and	knowledge to appreciate the relevance of science in
	Our WISE events have provided opportunities	independently, so as to widen their scientific	their everyday lives. They have developed a range
	for our female students to meet positive	vocabulary and are gradually introduced to the	of planning, problem solving and evaluating skills
	female STEM role models. Hosting these	range of exercises similar to those that they will	that can be applied to different everyday contexts.
	events has also allowed us to develop positive	face in the eventual examinations. Students	
	relationships with parents and carers, as well	extend their knowledge of working scientifically	Students are well prepared for studying science
	as raising the aspirations of our female	to planning, analysing data, and evaluating	further at KS5, and those choosing to study A levels
	students.	Required Practicals.	have solid foundations to build on.

The aim of Year 9 Curriculum is to build on the key constructs of the KS3 Curriculum.

The content taught early on is revisited again throughout KS4, creating opportunities for students to make connections within and across their learning.

There is also an increased focus on the skills required to be successful at GCSE (for example planning valid investigations, collecting, analysing and evaluating data).

Year 9

In Year 9, students commence the GCSE separate science courses. As the students still receive three lessons for science a week, topics for the three specialisms are taught one at a time, rather than alongside each other.

Careful consideration has been made around which foundation topics are the most suitable for the students to study in their first year taking into account; the skills required, prior knowledge from KS3 and the length of each of the topics. For this reason, there is a greater emphasis on Physics and Biology in Year 9, with only two of the Chemistry topics taught.

Term 1:

- C1 Atomic Structure
 - C1.1 Atoms
 - C1.2 Chemical Equations
 - C1.3 Separating mixtures
 - C1.4 Fractional Distillation & Paper Chromatography
 - C1.5 History of the Atom
 - C1.6 Structure of Atom
 - C1.7 lons, Atoms & Isotopes
 - C1.8 Electronic Structures

Term 2:

- Assessment Week: C1 Assessment
- C2 The Periodic Table
 - C2.1 Development of the Periodic Table
 - C2.2 Electronic Structures & the Periodic Table
 - C2.3 Group 1 Alkali Metals
 - C2.4 Group 7 Halogens
 - C2.5 Explaining Trends
 - **C2.6 Transition Elements**
- C1 & C2 Assessment

Term 3:

End of Year Chemistry Assessment (C1 &C2)

Students complete Year 9 having a good understanding of the foundation topics for Biology, Chemistry and Physics, to continue to build on in Years 10 and 11.

They have learned how to apply their working scientifically skills to planning, analysing and evaluation of required practicals.

In Years 10 and 11, students receive six lessons per week for science. This is delivered as two lessons per week for each specialism, enabling topics for Biology, Chemistry and Physics to be taught distinctly alongside each other.

This allows each specialism to be taught by a specialist teacher for that subject, who is able to talk more around the subject and provide more enthusiasm and engagement.

The structure of topics and lessons facilitates revisiting previous content, building on and extending the learning from KS3 and the GCSE topics taught in Year 9.

Year 10

Time is allowed for students to develop as independent learners, to refine and improve their learning. Longer tasks are incorporated into lessons to help build resilience to work for longer periods, building towards the 1hr 45 exams.

Learning tasks utilise modelling, analogies, practical work and theory for all abilities, and students continue to apply their working scientifically skills.

Tests continue to assess the understanding of 50% prior knowledge and 50% newly acquired learning. There is greater focus on exam technique, and more time is spent going through assessments with students.

Term 1

- C3 Structure & Bonding
- C1-3 Assessment & Feedback
- C5 Chemical Changes
- C1-3 & C5 Assessment & Feedback

Term 2

- C6 Electrolysis
- Year 10 Assessment Week
- C1-3, C5&6 Assessment & Feedback
- C7 Energy Changes
- C1-3 & C5-7 Assessments & Feedback
- C4 Chemical Calculations (part 1)

Term 3

- C4 Chemical Calculations (part 2)
- Year 10 Mock Exams: Chemistry Paper 1
- Mock Exam Feedback
- C8 Rates of Reaction
- C8 Assessment & Feedback

Students have been taught all of the paper 1 content by the end of Year 10.

They have been taught by three specialist teachers and have been able to draw on their knowledge and understanding from learning in KS3 and Year 9.

Students can use their working scientifically skills to confidently plan valid required practicals in different contexts, collect, analyse and evaluate the data.

Students have been reassessed on prior learning from Years 9 & 10, and have increased their long-term memory stores.

Students have greater resilience for completing longer tasks and attempting 6 mark exam questions.

The Curriculum for Chemistry in Year 11 has been designed to allow the students to have sufficient time to revise.

Students still receive six lessons each week for science, and therefore are taught two lessons per week in each specialism. Topics for the three specialisms are taught alongside each other. Students have a subject specialist teacher for Biology, Chemistry and Physics.

Year 11

Tests continue to assess the understanding of 50% prior knowledge and 50% newly acquired learning and more time is spent going through assessments with students.

Students are more confident in their pace and exam technique.

Teachers use this time to personalise lessons ensuring students have mastered all skills required for the GCSE examinations.

Term 1

- C9 Crude Oil & Fuels
- C10 Organic Reactions
- C11 Polymers
- Y11 Mock Exam: Paper 1

Term 2

- C12 Chemical Analysis
- C13 The Earth's Atmosphere
- C14 The Earth's Resources
- C15 Using Our Resources
- Y11 Mock Exam: Paper 2

Term 3

- Revision of Paper 1 topics
- Revision of Paper 2 topics

Students have been taught all of the paper 1 and paper 2 content before the end of Term 2.

They have been taught by three specialist teachers and have been able to draw on their knowledge and understanding from learning in KS3, Year 9 and Year 10.

Students can use their working scientifically skills to confidently plan valid required practicals in different contexts, collect, analyse and evaluate the data. Students are able to critique methods and data analysis by others, and can recommend improvements.

Students have been reassessed on their prior learning across KS4, and have increased their long-term memory stores.

Students have greater resilience for completing longer tasks and attempting 6 mark exam questions.

Students are well prepared for continuing with Chemistry at KS5, should they choose to.

Students leave school equipped with the scientific knowledge base and skills to support them in an increasingly science-based society.